What is the role of biofilms in the urban water cycle ?
What is the impact of biofilms ?
What can be done to improve detection & water treatment quality ?

WELCOME

Biofilms in the Urban Water Cycle

20 August 2020, Thursday, 10:00am – 11:00am





Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering

Singapore National BOFILM Consortium

Housekeeping

- To ensure a smooth webinar, please mute your microphone and turn off the camera. You may communicate with us after the webinar.
- Please share your questions in the chat where we will try to provide answers where possible in the Q & A Segment.
- Do identify yourself so we can respond to any unanswered questions after the webinar
- ✓ We will be recording this webinar session and reserve the rights to the video
- Please complete a post event survey which upon return, we will forward the recording and presentation deck to the respondents.

Disclaimer

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Prof Staffan Kjelleberg Centre Director, Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering (SCELSE) Director, Singapore National Biofilm Consortium (SNBC)

As SCELSE's centre director, Prof. Staffan Kjelleberg promotes interdisciplinary research that focuses on overall community structure, function and performance of microbial biofilms as well as mechanisms behind their communication and micro-ecological interactions. Commonalities in biofilm biology underpin this research. He brings together complementary top-down metaomics/systems biology and bottom-up biofilm mechanism approaches, with translational outcomes in biotechnology and environmental/public health domains. Prof. Kjelleberg also leads SNBC, a technology consortium, that aims to foster significant interactions and close collaborations among IHLs, research institutes, government agencies and industry, from startups to MNCs in Singapore, to enable technology translation and deliver economic impact.



Dr Law Yingyu Program Manager, Singapore National Biofilm Consortium (SNBC)

Ying joined the Singapore National Biofilm Consortium in September 2019. She started her Scientific career as a Research Fellow and later Senior Research Fellow at SCELSE since 2012. She has had experience in providing technical and regulatory solutions to water utilities and building collaborations both in Australia and in Singapore, during and after her PhD. She is also part of the International Water Association Nutrient Removal and Recovery Management Committee. She has worked with colleagues across different disciplines in SCELSE and have also provided consulting service to local startup in bioprocess and systems biological aspects of environmental biotechnologies and associated complex ecosystems. Ying holds a BSc Honours in Biotechnology from Murdoch University, and PhD in Chemical Engineering from The University of Queensland.



Dr Amit Kumar Cofounder & CEO, Biopsin Pte Ltd

As a co-founder and director, Amit is responsible for leading business communication, strategy and innovation at BIOPSIN. Prior to this, he was working at Nanyang Technological University, Singapore on a PUB funded multidisciplinary project to understand and improve the safety and quality of surface water stored in underground rock caverns. As a Research Fellow at National University of Singapore, he led an A*STAR funded project to mitigate food spoilage by improving microbiological quality of food. Amit holds a PhD in Chemical & Biomolecular Engineering from National University of Singapore and has over a decade of experience working with industries and Government agencies on their microbial safety and detection needs.



Mr Andy Wirjawan Director, United Water Technologies Pte Ltd

Andy has more than 23-years of professional experience in water and wastewater treatment industry. He started his career with GE Water & Infrastructure Inc. in Australia and Singapore, and later on established United Water Technologies Pte Ltd – Singapore in 2005. He has completed various process design improvement projects, and has overseen construction of numerous industrial and municipal scale water and wastewater treatment plants in a number of APAC countries. He holds B.Eng. Chemical Engineering (Hons) from Curtin University, and MBA from University of Western Australia.

Programme

What is the role of biofilms in the urban water cycle ?

What is the impact of biofilms ?

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| Time | Agenda | Presented by | | | |
|------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| 10.00 – 10.02 am | Opening & Housekeeping | SWA | | | |
| 10.02 – 10.10 am | Welcome address | Mr Charles Quek Vice-President (Finance), SWA | | | |
| 10.10 – 10.20 am | Introduction to SCELSE and SNBC | Prof Staffan Kjelleberg Centre Director (SCELSE) & Director (SNBC) | | | |
| 10.20 – 10.35 am | Role of biofilms in the overall urban | Dr Law Yingyu | | | |
| Start C | water cycle | Program Manager (SNBC) | | | |
| 10.35 – 10.45 am | Rapid and Gold-standard Pathogen Detection | Dr Amit Kumar Co-founder & CEO (Biopsin) | | | |
| 10.45 – 10.55 am | Biofilm sensors and real-time application & benefits for water treatment. | Mr Andy Wirjawan Director (United Water Technologies) | | | |
| 10.55 – 11.00 am | Q & A and Closing | SWA | | | |

Welcome Address

SWA Webinar : Biofilms in the Urban Water Cycle 20 August 2020



Mr Charles Quek

Singapore Water Association Vice-President (Finance) CEO, HSL Constructor Pte Ltd

SWA Initiatives Since April 2020







SWA Marketplace Assist Platform (SWA-MAP)

Introduction to SCELSE and SNBC

Prof Staffan Kjelleberg Centre Director, Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering (SCELSE) Director, Singapore National Biofilm Consortium (SNBC)





Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering

Singapore National BOFILM Consortium



A biofilm and microbiome Research Centre of Excellence

SCELSE's Mission

To discover, control and direct the behaviour of microbial biofilm communities and microbiomes for sustainable environmental, engineering, public health and medical applications.





NATIONAL RESEARCH FOUNDATION PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE SINGAPORE



Ministry of Education SINGAPORE



SCELSE's research approach & clusters



SCELSE Integrated Research Themes (SIRTs)



Urban Water Cycle



Air Microbiomes



Marine Biofilms & Microbiomes





Experimental Biofilm Communities



Biofilm Matrix

SIRTS emerge from cluster-based research and align well with the development of research priorities in Singapore.

SCELSE's catalytic role in Singapore

Clinical

Agencies & Institutions

Industry





SINGAPORE NATIONAL BIOFILM CONSORTIUM (SNBC)

National Research Foundation technology consortium, established Feb 2019





Biofilms & microbiomes: Market sectors



- CF respiratory biofilm infections biofilm burden: \$3.99bn/p.a. globally (UK £330m)
- Marine Shipping: Biofilm fouling burden global \$ 5.7bn/p.a.
- **Biorefining** e.g. bioethanol, global \$38bn, UK £390m
- UTI infections: Biofilms cause an estimated global cost of \$ 3.9bn/p.a.
- Food poisoning: Estimated global burden due to biofilms \$315 bn/p.a.



Mission & vision

To foster significant interactions and close collaborations among IHLs, research institutes, government agencies and industry in Singapore.

Leveraging the multidisciplinary expertise at SCELSE and beyond to effectively deliver scientific and translational outcomes.



* agencies, research centres, associations, platforms etc



Singapore National BOFILM Consortium

Governance & organisation

•

•

Steering Committee Technology Management Committee

> Industry Advisory Board

SNBC Program

Office @

NTUitive and

SCELSE



Chair Prof Staffan Kjelleberg Lead PI/Consortium Director

Michel Birnbaum Business Development





Industry liaison officers for key

topics:

High throughput sequencing

Microscopy imaging

Surface technologies

Bioprocess engineering

Plant & soil microbiome

Urban & built environment

Smitha Sunildeep Manager, SCELSE



SNBC membership support and activities

Funding

- Seed funding
- Collaborative grants

Expertise

• Technical expertise and consultancy

Facilities & resources

- World class facilities and equipment
- Library e-resources

Cutting-edge know-how

 Tailored courses, seminars and workshops by local and international expert instructors

International collaboration

 Global biofilm R&D academic and industry networks





SNBC access to international biofilm network



National Biofilms Innovation Centre, UK

Center for Biofilm Engineering, USA

Role of biofilms in the overall Urban Water Cycle

Dr Law Yingyu Program Manager, Singapore National Biofilm Consortium (SNBC)





Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering

Singapore National BOFILM Consortium

Role of biofilms in the overall urban water cycle

Yingyu Law, SNBC Program Manager SNBC-SWA Joint Webinar

20th August 2020



Fostering Synergistic Interactions **Enabling** Technology Translation

What are Biofilms?



Fig. Biofilm life cycle (CBE Montana State Uni). Health & the human body



In natural systems



Fig. Jiuzhai Valley National Park On engineered/man-made structure



Fig. Metal Biocorrosion of a Water Well (Calbo et al., 2017)

Fig. Dental plaque buildup on the surface of teeth. (Image: © Lighthunter | Shutterstock)







Used Water Treatment

Biofilm causing odour and corrosion in concrete sewer systems





Fig. Corroded sewer pipes.



Fig. Chemical dosing for corrosion control.





Fig. Pressure-driven membrane processes for war treatment (Liao et al., 2018).







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Fostering Synergistic Interactions **Enabling** Technology Translation

Controlling biofouling through the understanding of cell signalling



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Fostering Synergistic Interactions Enabling Technology Translation

Biofouling control in reverse osmosis by nitric oxide treatment



DETA NONOate 500 µM ** Dead Live **DETA NONOate** Control 500 µM

Fig. Autopsy of biofouled membranes. (a) CLSM images of the biofouled membranes. Image size: $424.27 \times 424.27 \mu m$. (b) Biovolume of live and dead cells on the biofouled membrane (Oh et al., 2018).



Biofilm in drinking water distribution system





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Biofilm for used water treatment



Understanding Microbial Communities in the Waterways



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Conclusion

Biofilms can be detrimental to some processes but can also be manipulated or optimized for biotechnological applications.

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Rapid and Gold-standard Pathogen Detection

Dr Amit Kumar Cofounder & CEO, Biopsin Pte Ltd





Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering

Singapore National BOFILM Consortium



Rapid & Gold-standard Microbial Detection



One in 10 people fall ill every year because of exposure to pathogens

ECONOMIC BURDEN OVER \$100 BILLION

Conventional Method of Pathogen Detection is Over a Century Old



Labor-intensive & Unportable

Tedious and necessitates trained professionals and a dedicated lab.





Dangerously Time Consuming

Considering all factors, takes **1-2** weeks to get the result.





To Build World's First Solution



GOLD-STANDARD

MICROBIAL DETECTION

IN MINUTES

SOLUTION

Cartridge

- -- pre-processing
- -- pathogen trapping slide



D

Device

- -- detector
- -- software



TECHNOLOGY





Filtration Module

Coarse Filters

Microbe Rejection Filter



Target Pathogen Trapping Slide



Result: Target Bacteria Attachment on Pathogen Trapping Slides

Sample without Target Bacteria





Sample with Target Bacteria





MILESTONES



- Achieved proof-of-concept for Staphylococcus aureus
- Currently prototyping to develop the commercial solution
- Work in Progress on Escherichia coli, Vibrio and Legionella









Routine Microbial Tests

- Heterotrophic Plate Count
- Escherichia coli
- Legionella (ISO 11731)







Capability: Microbial Testing in Food & Water by Traditional & Advanced Methods

BSL-2 facility

2000 sq. ft. lab-space

In process to get accredited

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT









Rapid & Gold-standard Microbial Detection

www.biopsin.com

amit@biopsin.com

Biofilm sensors and real-time application & benefits for water treatment.

Mr Andy Wirjawan Director, United Water Technologies Pte Ltd





Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering

Singapore National BOFILM Consortium



ALVIM BIOFILM SENSOR



Biofilm in Urban Water Cycle 20th August 2020

Agenda

- Introduction
- How does it work ?
- Case study the impact of biofilms to HVAC Chiller & RO biofouling.
- Collaboration opportunities

Introduction

NexGen Water Technologies' focus is to bring the next generation of 'break-through' technologies to water & wastewater industries.



- > ALVIM Biofilm Sensor
- Nano-bubble Generator

How does it work?

- ALVIM Biofilm sensor is a real-time biofilm sensor.
- Developed by Italian Institute of Marine Science (www.ismar.cnr.it).
- Measuring electrochemical signal of biofilm activity.
- Representing biofilm's thickness & coverage on the surface of the equipment.
- Only measuring biofilm growth & presence.



Case Study 1 - Chiller HVAC system

| Deposit Material | Thermal Conductivity (W/m-K) | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Calcium Carbonate (CaCO ₃) | 2.9 | | | | |
| Iron Oxide (Fe ₂ O ₃) | 2.9 | | | | |
| Calcium Sulfate (CaSO ₄) | 2.3 | | | | |
| Biofilm | 0.6 | | | | |

Biofouling is 4.8X more insulating than common "hardness" scales.

| Additonal Energy Costs Per Year Due to Scale Deposition | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--------|----|--------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | | | | |
| Tons of | Scale Deposit Thickness (mm) | | | | | |
| Chiller Capacity | | 0.2 | | 0.3 | 0.6 | 0.9 |
| 300 | \$ | 1,976 | \$ | 3,953 | \$ 8,894 | \$ 13,341 |
| 500 | \$ | 3,294 | \$ | 6,588 | \$ 14,823 | \$ 22,235 |
| 900 | \$ | 5,929 | \$ | 11,858 | \$ 26,681 | \$ 40,022 |
| 1200 | \$ | 7,906 | \$ | 15,811 | \$ 35,575 | \$ 53,363 |
| 2000 | \$ | 13,176 | \$ | 26,352 | \$ 59,292 | \$ 88,938 |



Case Study 1 - Chiller HVAC system



Case Study 2 - Seawater RO system



Figure 10 : Detection and removal of biofilm by batch injections of biocides

Monitoring and control of biofilm in SWRO system \rightarrow



Collaboration Opportunites

2 nos of ALVIM Biofilm Sensor available for TRIAL.



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Thank you & Let us collaborate !



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Singapore Centre for Environmental Life Sciences Engineering

Singapore National BOFILM Consortium **Complimentary Webinar**

Fostering WATER Technology Partnership

27th August 2020

Thursday 4:00pm - 5:00pm

Register Now

Should you have any questions regarding this webinar, contact SWA T: 6515 0812 or enquiry@swa.org.sg





This webinar seeks to provide a better understanding of how R&D supports water technology deployment when partnering EWTCOI

| Time | Agenda | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|
| 4.00 - 4.02 pm | Opening & Housekeeping | | |
| 4.02 - 4.10 pm | Welcome Address by Dr Chen Chia Lung, SWA/EWTCOI | | |
| 4.10 - 4.35 pm | Multiple Supports from EWTCOI by Dr Jason Tang, EWTCOI | | |
| 4.35 - 4.50 pm | Developing Super Hydrophilic Water Filtration Membrane with EWTCOI by Mr Pung CT, Firmbase | | |
| 4.50 - 4.55 pm | Q&A | | |
| 4.55 - 5.00 pm | Closing | | |

Dr Jason Tang, has been with EWTCOI for more than 10 years supporting technology development in the area of environment and water technology. Trained as a molecular biologist under ASTAR's Institute of Molecular and Cell biology, he has moved on to develop a unique 20 year background in multiple forms of research (basic, clinical & translational) as well as business development and strategic planning providing EWTCOI's clients with unique advantages.

Mr Choong Theng (CT) is the founder of Firmbase Pte Ltd which was started in 2011. Firmbase focuses on development opportunities in advanced polymeric materials to meet the growing needs on water, energy, and intrastructure and has been advancing on new generation of hydrophilic additives for polymeric water filtration membranes. Prior to his venture, CT has worked for a Global Fortune 500 Company in the Specialty Chemical industry for over 20 years with extensive senior management experiences in Asia Pacific Business Leadership and

Operations Management.

What is the role of biofilms in the urban water cycle ?
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Thank You

Singapore Water Association T: 65150812 E: enquiry@swa.org.sg W: www.swa.org.sg

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